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INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

Weekly Investment Update

The week in review

- PM May's "Withdrawal Agreement" is rejected by Parliament
- UK inflation falls to its lowest level in nearly two years
- EU area faces slowing economic growth
- China's economy hurt by trade wars

Prime Minister Theresa May's EU, however, she subsequently won the confidence vote in the Government. Sterling promptly rallied on the news.

Markets took heart from PM May's offer of cross-party concessions and the possibility of the 29 March hard Brexit deadline being extended.

It was also reported that the EU27 is considering extending the Article 50 deadline until July, should the UK request it, in order to extend beyond the EU Parliamentary election. If this news is verified, it would ultimately reduce the probability of a hard Brexit outcome.

As it stands PM May needs to come back by Monday with a plan B.

Elsewhere, official data revealed that the UK's economy slowed in the three months to November,

expanding by only 0.3%, compared to the previous quarter. Meanwhile UK inflation fell to its lowest level in nearly two years in December, mainly due to lower oil costs. The ONS reported UK inflation (CPI) to be 2.0% in December. CPI is forecast to remain in line with the Bank of England's targeted rate of 2% in 2019. This may reduce the likelihood of further interest rate rises in the near term.

On the Continent, Euro-area November industrial production data was worse than predicted, the year on year reading falling to -3.3%, the lowest level since 2012. Germany's and France's economies appear to be slowing, trade wars undermining exports. Germany's GDP growth fell to 1.5%, its slowest rate in about six years. Economists are increasingly concerned that Germany may be falling into a technical recession in Q1 2019.

In Asia, there was further bad economic news. Chinese exports fell 4.4% to a two year low, largely owing to the trade war with the US. The data caused a dip in global stock markets as investors feared further cooling of the global economy. In response, authorities in Beijing promised more measures to help the ailing economy, including tax cuts "on a larger scale" and support from monetary policy. Stocks in the region reacted positively to the announcement.

In terms of sovereign bonds, the 10 year US Treasury yield crept higher to close at 2.76%. In Europe, the German benchmark closed at 0.25%, while the UK 10 year gilt yield closed at 1.34%.

In terms of commodities, gold proved to be resilient closing at US\$ per ounce, as investors sought safe haven assets, while palladium reached an all-time high, closing at US\$1,114 per ounce.

Global Markets	2018 YTD %*
FTSE 100	+0.01%
S&P 500	+4.7%
Dax	+1.4%
Nikkei 225	+4.3%
Hang Seng	+4.4%
Fixed Income	Yield %
UK 10 Yr	+1.34%
US 10 Yr	+2.76%
Commodities	2018 YTD %
Gold	+028%

Source: FE Analytics/
Bloomberg.com

*Total
Return/Local
currency

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